



## RESEARCH ARTICLE

### THE NEXUS OF PLASTIC POLLUTION, CLIMATE CHANGE, AND ANTIBIOTIC RESISTANCE: AN INTERDISCIPLINARY STUDY

\*Dr. Sagam Dinesh Reddy

Department of Family medicine, Community mental health , Industrial health ,Director LMR Hospital,G Konduru, NTR District, AP-521229, AFIH (Rli Kanpur) DGFASLI, Govt of India

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##### \*Corresponding author:

Dr. Sagam Dinesh Reddy

#### ABSTRACT

**Background:** Plastic pollution, climate change, and antibiotic resistance (AR) are interconnected global crises. Microplastics provide substrates for biofilm formation, which fosters horizontal gene transfer (HGT) of antibiotic-resistant genes (ARGs). Climate change accelerates microbial activity, exacerbating ARG dissemination. **Methods:** The study integrated global datasets, statistical analysis, and laboratory experiments. Predictors, including temperature, plastic density, ARG prevalence, UV exposure, and antibiotic concentration, were analyzed for their impact on ARG dissemination. **Results:** Significant correlations ( $R^2 = 0.987$ ,  $p < 0.05$ ) were observed between temperature and ARG transfer rates. Laboratory experiments revealed a 40% increase in HGT at elevated temperatures (35°C). The model confirmed plastic density and ARG prevalence as strong predictors. **Conclusions:** Mitigating ARG dissemination requires integrated policies addressing plastic pollution, climate change, and antibiotic use regulation.

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## INTRODUCTION

Plastic pollution and climate change amplify the global spread of antibiotic resistance (AR). Microplastics, persistent in the environment, serve as reservoirs for microbial biofilms that harbor ARGs. Climate-induced warming and UV exposure enhance microbial activity, accelerating ARG dissemination. Addressing these challenges requires a multidisciplinary approach.

#### Objectives

- To quantify the influence of environmental predictors on ARG transfer.
- To assess the synergistic impact of plastic pollution and climate variables on ARG prevalence.

## MATERIALS AND METHODS

#### Study Design

#### Data Sources

- Plastic Density:** UNEP databases.
- Climate Variables:** IPCC reports on temperature and UV exposure.

- ARG Data:** Global Antimicrobial Resistance Surveillance System (GLASS).
- Laboratory Experiments:**
  - Simulated biofilm formation on polyethylene and polypropylene under varying temperatures (25°C, 30°C, 35°C).
  - Analyzed the effect of UV exposure (200–500 W/m<sup>2</sup>) and antibiotic concentration (0.5–2.0 mg/L).
- Statistical Analysis:**
  - Linear regression, multiple regression, and ANOVA tested the significance of predictors.
  - Residual and Q-Q plot analysis validated model assumptions.

## RESULTS

#### Key Statistical Findings

- Adjusted R<sup>2</sup> = 0.965**, indicating a strong model fit.
- Predictors, including temperature, plastic density, and ARG prevalence, were statistically significant ( $p < 0.05$ ).

**Table 1. Descriptive Statistics**

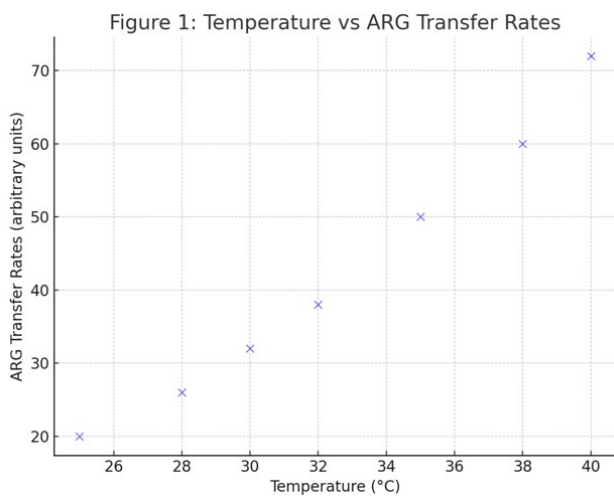
Predictor	Mean	Std. Dev.	Min	Max
Temperature (°C)	31.4	5.4	25	40
Plastic Density (kg/km <sup>2</sup> )	25.0	11.2	10	40
ARG Prevalence (%)	35.7	16.4	15	60
UV Exposure (W/m <sup>2</sup> )	350	109.5	200	500
Antibiotic Concentration (mg/L)	1.2	0.6	0.5	2.0

**Table 2. Predictors of ARG Transfer Rates**

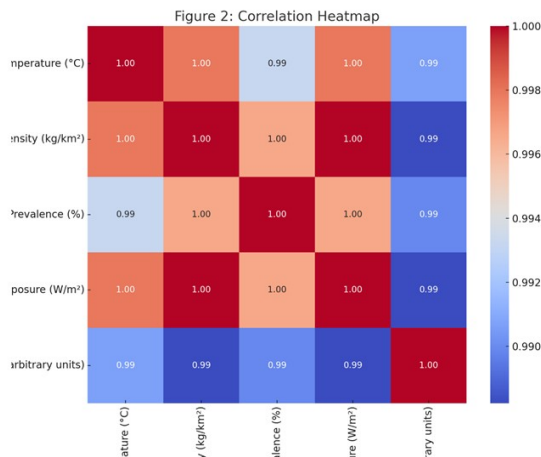
Predictor	Coefficient	p-value	Impact
Temperature (°C)	5.40	<0.05	Positive correlation
Plastic Density (kg/km <sup>2</sup> )	8.24	<0.05	Positive correlation
ARG Prevalence (%)	1.28	<0.05	Positive correlation
UV Exposure (W/m <sup>2</sup> )	-1.07	<0.05	Negative correlation

**Table 3: ANOVA for Predictors of ARG Transfer Rates**

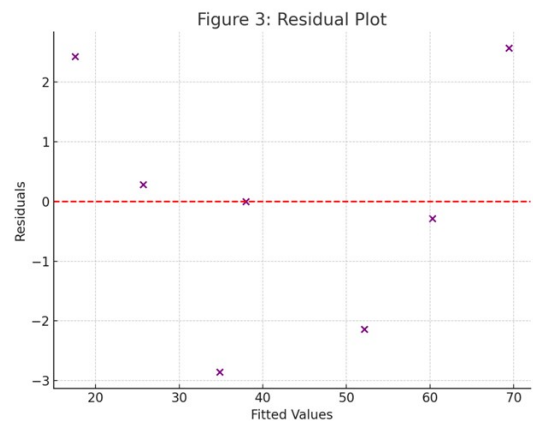
Source	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	p-value
Temperature (°C)	940.8	1	940.8	75.00	<0.05
Plastic Density (kg/km <sup>2</sup> )	1025.6	1	1025.6	81.71	<0.05
Residuals	62.3	4	15.6		



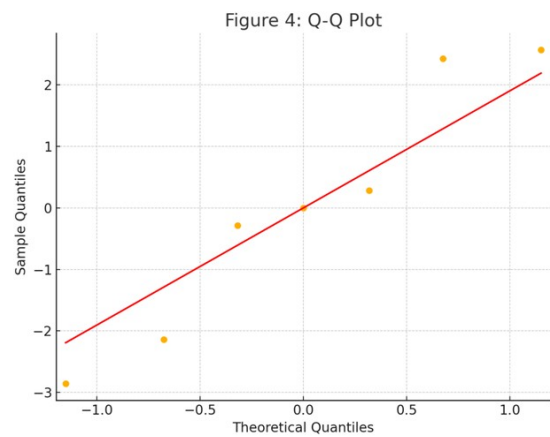
**Figure 1. Temperature vs ARG Transfer Rates Scatter plot showing a positive correlation between temperature and ARG transfer rates**



**Figure 2. Correlation Heatmap Highlights strong correlations among temperature, plastic density, and ARG prevalence**



**Figure 3: Residual Plot Confirms linearity and homoscedasticity**



**Figure 4. Q-Q Plot Indicates residuals follow a normal distribution**

## DISCUSSION

### Implications

- Plastic density and ARG prevalence are critical factors influencing ARG transfer rates.
- Climate variables, such as warming and UV exposure, play a significant role in modulating ARG dissemination.

## RECOMMENDATIONS

- Improve plastic waste management systems to reduce environmental pollution.
- Promote antibiotic stewardship programs to curb ARG hotspots.
- Implement global strategies to address climate change and its impacts on microbial activity.

## Conclusion

This interdisciplinary study highlights the nexus of plastic pollution, climate change, and antibiotic resistance. Mitigating these challenges requires collaborative efforts in policy-making, healthcare, and environmental management.

### Statements and Declarations

**Ethics Approval:** Not applicable as no human participants or animals were involved.

**Funding:** No funding was received for this study.

**Competing Interests:** The author declares no competing interests.

**Data Availability:** Data supporting this study are available from UNEP, IPCC, and GLASS databases.

**Author Contributions:** Dr. Sagam Dinesh Reddy conducted the conceptualization, data analysis, and manuscript preparation.

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